



Data tables, 2016 Census

Aboriginal Identity (9), Income Statistics (17), Registered or Treaty Indian Status (3), Residence by Aboriginal Geography (10), Age (9) and Sex (3) for the Population Aged 15 Years and Over in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2016 Census - 25% Sample Data

Data table

Select data categories for this table

Geography → [Geographic index](#)

Yukon

Registered or Treaty Indian status (3) ¹

Total - Population by Registered or Treaty Indian status

Residence by Aboriginal geography (10) ²

Total - Residence on or off reserve

Age (9)

Total - Age

Sex (3)

Total - Sex

Yukon										
Income statistics (17)	Aboriginal identity (9)									
	Total - Aboriginal identity ³	Aboriginal identity ⁴	Single Aboriginal responses ⁵	First Nations (North American Indian) ⁶	Métis	Inuk (Inuit)	Multiple Aboriginal responses ⁷	Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ⁸	Non-Aboriginal identity	
Total - Income statistics ²	28,880	6,280	6,105	5,135	800	170	85	90	22,595	
With total income	27,915	5,910	5,740	4,835	755	150	80	90	22,010	
Percentage with total income (%)	96.7	94.1	94.0	94.2	94.4	88.2	94.1	100.0	97.4	
Median total income (\$)	46,048	33,581	33,835	32,359	42,355	27,828	32,312	25,214	49,879	
Average total income (\$)	53,809	41,443	41,379	40,286	49,859	33,775	38,024	48,446	57,130	
With after-tax income	27,925	5,915	5,745	4,835	755	150	80	95	22,010	
Percentage with after-tax income (%)	96.7	94.2	94.1	94.2	94.4	88.2	94.1	100.0	97.4	
Median after-tax income (\$)	41,376	31,382	31,563	30,517	38,174	27,828	29,112	25,214	44,576	
Average after-tax income (\$)	45,994	35,967	35,905	34,993	42,937	29,840	34,237	41,311	48,690	
With employment income	23,945	4,965	4,825	4,040	650	135	65	70	18,975	
Percentage with employment income (%)	82.9	79.1	79.0	78.7	81.3	79.4	76.5	77.8	84.0	
Median employment income (\$)	43,610	30,033	29,810	27,771	43,006	16,268	32,721	28,482	46,574	
Average employment income (\$)	50,089	38,761	38,682	37,419	48,267	30,315	36,490	46,289	53,053	
With wages, salaries and commissions	22,175	4,760	4,620	3,900	585	135	65	70	17,415	
Percentage with wages, salaries and commissions (%)	76.8	75.8	75.7	75.9	73.1	79.4	76.5	77.8	77.1	
Median wages, salaries and commissions (\$)	44,876	29,212	28,881	26,964	45,174	15,311	32,721	28,482	48,507	
Average wages, salaries and commissions (\$)	50,649	38,541	38,452	37,049	50,019	28,633	36,490	46,259	53,961	

Symbol(s)

- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- F too unreliable to be published

Footnote(s)

- 1 Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.
- 2 Residence on or off reserve refers to whether the person's usual place of residence is in a census subdivision (CSD) that is defined as 'on reserve' or 'off reserve.'

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- 4 'Aboriginal identity' includes persons who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.
- 5 'Single Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are in only one Aboriginal group, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- 6 Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
- 7 'Multiple Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).

8 'Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere' includes persons who are not First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit), but who have Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

9 Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Wages, salaries and commissions - Gross wages and salaries before deductions for such items as income taxes, pension plan contributions and employment insurance premiums during the reference period. While other employee remuneration such as security options benefits, board and lodging and other taxable allowances and benefits are included in this source, employers' contributions to pension plans and employment insurance plans are excluded. Other receipts included in this source are military pay and allowances, tips, commissions and cash bonuses associated with paid employment, benefits from wage-loss replacement plans or income-maintenance insurance plans, supplementary unemployment benefits from an employer or union, research grants, royalties from a work or invention with no associated expenses and all types of casual earnings during the reference period.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Data quality note(s) – Yukon

- **Incomplete enumeration flag**

Default. Not applicable.

- **Long-form data quality flag**

Global non-response rate (GNR), long-form census questionnaire: 6.8%.

- **Long-form income data quality flag**

Data quality index showing a long-form income non-response rate higher than or equal to 10%, but lower than 20%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016171.

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